## A Guide to Successful Research

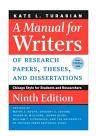
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### Overview

- Successful research is not only about having a "good topic", other skills are also necessary
  - Seeing the big picture
  - Dealing with deadlines
  - ...
- You must be able to explain your research in order to fully understand it
  - Writing (slides, papers, etc.) is the best way to put your thoughts in order
  - Recommended reading
     K. L. Turabian, A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations, Univ. of Chicago Press, 9<sup>th</sup> ed., 2018

Part I: Research and Writing (1)



 To explain your research, first of all create a sentence with the following structure

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#### Topic => Question => Significance

Topic: I am working on X ...

Question: ... because I want to find Y ...

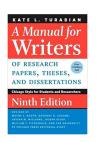
Significance: ... so that I can help others understand Z.

• Then, also create an extended "elevator story"

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- Three-part sentence as above
- Working hypothesis (approach)
- Major reasons supporting it (feasibility)

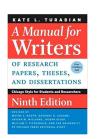
Part I: Research and Writing (2)



- As you progress in your research, assemble a more detailed argument
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- What are you claiming?
- What are your reasons?
- What evidence supports your reasons?
- But what about other points of view?
- What principle makes your reasons relevant to your claim?

Part I: Research and Writing (3)



- By all means, avoid plagiarism
- Choose the most effective graphic
- Write final versions of introduction and conclusion only after finishing the final draft
- Revise the final draft (sentences, etc.)
- Find opportunities to present your work in front of an audience

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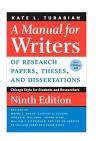
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Part II: Source Citation



#### Most used styles

Notes-bibliography style
 [1] Authors' Names, Paper/Book Title, Publication Details

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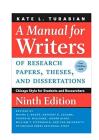
Author-date style
 (Main author's surname, Publication year)

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#### My advice

- Better to rely on predefined styles for references for a given conference (e.g., use LaTeX style files)
- Make sure you write down your sources when doing surveys, so that you can properly cite them later

Part III: Style



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- Style guidelines
  - Spelling
  - Punctuation
  - Abbreviations
  - ...

#### My advice

- You can ignore some recommendations if you think fit, but whatever style you choose, make sure to follow your choices consistently
- Leaving "easy" mistakes in your paper will make readers think you did not try hard enough → they may not try much to understand your work either

# Other pieces of advice

- Learn to see the bigger picture
  - Try to solve a class of problems, not just one task
- Take memo or logs during your tests
  - Helps you see how your system evolved in time
  - Enables you to prove your results if needed
- Be aware of deadlines (as it helps reduce stress)
  - Start preparing early
  - Make a time schedule
- Make acronym for your system
  - Easier to refer to it when discussing your research
- Don't forget to rest ©

### Conclusion

- It's good to spend some time thinking about how to do research instead of just doing it
- A few guidelines can be very helpful to put you on the right track
- Don't hesitate to ask your more experienced colleagues and, of course, your instructor

Anyone can do successful research if they have the right know-how